28.—Estimated	Commercial Acreage and Production of Vegetables, 1962-64
	with Average for 1957-61

Vegetable	Av. 1957-61		1	962	1963		1964	
	Area	Production	Area	Production	Area	Production	Area	Production
	acres	'000 lb.	acres	'000 1ь.	acres	'000 lb.	acres	'000 lb.
Asparagus	3,806	7,328	3,950	7,191	4,180	6,540	4,030	5,775
Beans	12,400	47,818	17,710	62,676	23,040		28,020	98,406
Beets	3,214	50,758	2,880	57,214	2,780	51,601	3,220	57,104
Cabbage	6,914	129,151	6,430	115,102	7,130	147,908	7,420	136,63
Carrots	11,542	244,399	12,810	341,384	13,710	344,824	14,270	349,52
Cauliflower	2,612	26,902	2,860	33,899	3,110	36,640	3,150	33,770
Celery	1,536	43,731	1,170	42,661	1,200	44,918	1,110	40,50
Corn	53,344	326,752	55,950	414,514	50,550	324,556	52,180	389,417
Lettuce	5,655	64,730	4,910	65,394	4,790	54,071	4,990	57,06
Onions	7,044	139,192	8,810 52,280	228,072	9,850	256,854	9,590	215,72
Peas1	45,556	103,810		128,561	52,190	113,858	61,280	138,32
Spinach	1,134 43,200	12,179 764,953	1,100 33,200	10,934 864,662	1,120 31,070	11,033 695,393	1,090 34,360	12,64 772,74

¹ Estimates apply only to that portion of the crop grown for processing in all provinces for which estimates are made except British Columbia.

Subsection 7.—Other Principal Farm Products

Tobacco.—Canada produces several types of leaf tobacco but by far the most important is the flue-cured or Bright Virginia type. This is produced mainly in Ontario, along with considerable quantities of burley and smaller amounts of dark (air-cured and fire-cured) tobacco. Quebec produces smaller quantities of these types as well as some cigar and pipe tobacco and small flue-cured acreages are also harvested in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia. In 1964, lower acreages of all types of tobacco resulted in decreased production compared with 1963. Ontario allotments for flue-cured were reduced from 99,537 acres to 73,479 acres and the crop from 180,297,000 lb. to 136,641,000 lb.; this was the main element in the over-all production and value decrease shown in Tables 29 and 30.

A study of Department of National Revenue reports on tax-paid withdrawals of tobacco products reveals changes in the smoking habits of Canadians during the past three decades. In 1922, the first year for which comparable figures are available, Canadian annual per capita consumption of cigarettes was 229; by 1959 the annual per capita consumption (calculated on the basis of total population) had increased to 1,939. The figure for 1963 was 2,110 and that for 1964 was 2,113.

29.—Acreage, Production and Value of the Commercial Crop of Leaf Tobacco, by Province, 1960-64

Year	Quebec			123.07	Ontario	2	Other Provinces		
	Har- vested Area	Pro- duction	Value	Har- vested Area	Pro- duction	Value	Har- vested Area	Pro- duction	Value
	acres	'000 Ib.	\$	acres	'000 lb.	\$	acres	'000 lb.	\$
1960	11,598	13,914	5,399,000	124,321	200,201	109,272,000	43	52	28,000
1961	11,081	11,900	4,156,000	126,718	197,664	101,059,000	118	157	80,000
1962	8,901	12,388	4,582,000	121,640 r	190,265	91,165,000	515 r	374	157,000
1963	8,933	10,776	4,046,000	104,178	189,719	86,279,000	782	649	308,000
1964	8,334	9,919	4,299,000	76,267	143,035	78,403,000	715	757	429,000